



JerryScript Debugger

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JerryScript Developer Meeting 2017
Szeged, Hun, Sept. 14, 2017

Overview



- Introduction
- Communication
- Debugger Features
- Debugger C API
- Summary

Introduction





Introduction

- JerryScript debugger is a remote debugger
 - Server is part of the JerryScript binary
 - Client is a standalone / web application
- Communication: any reliable stream / message based protocol
 - Minimum message size is 64 bytes (excluding protocol header)
 - Currently WebSockets is used
 - supported natively by browsers
 - Could be ported to 6lowpan, serial port

Debugger Client



- To reduce memory consumption, debugger related data is **stored** on the Client side, e.g:
 - Text of all compiled source codes
 - Breakpoint position and line info
- Client is expected to run on a desktop / server system
 - Has much more resources than JerryScript
- On-the-fly client attachment is not supported
 - Client must connect after `jerry_init()` is called

Byte Code Management



- Byte code create / free must be synchronized
 - When a byte code is freed, there might be incoming messages which manipulates the byte code data (e.g. enable / disable breakpoints)
- Therefore it is not enough to notify the client about a byte code free, the client must also notify JerryScript that it can free the byte code memory data
 - Until that the byte code is kept in the memory
 - Garbage Collection waits until all pending byte code frees are acknowledged by the client



Running the Debugger

- Building JerryScript with Debugger Server
 - `build.py -jerry-debugger=on`
 `--jerry-libc=off --static-link=off`
- Waiting for client connection
 - `build/bin/jerry --start-debug-server`
- Example clients in `jerry-debugger/` top level dir
 - `jerry-debugger` – python client
 - `jerry-client-ws.html` – browser based client

Communication



Debugger Message Format

- Allowed data types:
 - uint8_t, uint32_t, cpointer_t
- Each message starts with a type byte
- All types are tightly packed

```
/**
 * Incoming message: update (enable/disable) breakpoint status.
 */
typedef struct
{
    uint8_t type; /**< type of the message */
    uint8_t is_set_breakpoint; /**< set or clear breakpoint */
    uint8_t byte_code_cp[sizeof (jmem_cpointer_t)]; /**< byte code compressed pointer */
    uint8_t offset[sizeof (uint32_t)]; /**< breakpoint offset */
} jerry_debugger_receive_update_breakpoint_t;
```

First Message From Server

- JERRY_DEBUGGER_CONFIGURATION
- Payload: three uint8_t values
 - max_message_size: maximum message size accepted by the server (minimum 64 bytes)
 - cpointer_size: size of compressed pointers
 - little_endian: 1 for little endian, 0 for big endian machines

Debugger Server Modes

- Debugger starts in run mode
 - Messages defined for run mode must be accepted regardless of mode (e.g. free byte code, stop execution)
- Breakpoint mode
 - Backtrace and eval are accepted only in this mode
 - Continue, next, and step allows returning to run mode
- Client source mode
 - The client should send the JS source code
- The server notifies the client about mode changes

Debugging Features





High-level Client Features

- Set/clear breakpoints
- Execution control
 - step-in / next / continue
 - Finish could be implemented
- Automatic stop at exceptions can be enabled
- Backtrace
 - ECMAScript functions only
 - API to add extra items?



High-level Client Features (2)

- Evaluate expressions
 - Can be used to inspect / change any variables
 - Clients can use this to gather information
 - E.g. watching variables
- Memory consumption statistics
 - Total memory consumption in bytes
 - Memory consumption of byte code data, strings, objects, properties

Python Client Example

```
(jerry-debugger) break test.js:20
Breakpoint 1 at test.js:20
(jerry-debugger) continue
Press enter to stop JavaScript execution.
Stopped at breakpoint:1 test.js:20
Source: test.js
  18  /* Draw text on screen. */
  19
  20 > var pos = { x:36, y:48 };
  21   draw_text(pos, "Hello world!");
  22
(jerry-debugger) next
Stopped at test.js:21
Source: test.js
  19
  20   var pos = { x:36, y:48 };
  21 > draw_text(pos, "Hello world!");
  22
  23   display();
(jerry-debugger) eval pos.x + pos.y
84
(jerry-debugger) memstats
Allocated bytes: 3344
Byte code bytes: 104
String bytes: 1537
Object bytes: 192
Property bytes: 928
```

IoT.js IDE Screenshot



webIDE [File](#) [Settings](#) [Download](#)

Connect to localhost : 5001

Backtrace

Frame	Resource	Line	Function
0	test/run_pass/test_assert.js	82	function() at line: 81, col: 7
1	test/run_pass/test_assert.js	80	function() at line: 79, col: 3
2	test/run_pass/test_assert.js	16	function() at line: 1, col: 2

Breakpoint informations

Resource	Line	ID	Function
test/run_pass/test_assert.js	48	1	function() at line: 47, col: 21
test/run_pass/test_assert.js	56	2	function() at line: 1, col: 2
test/run_pass/test_assert.js	67	3	function() at line: 66, col: 3
test/run_pass/test_assert.js	82	4	function() at line: 81, col: 7



```
test_assert.js x memtest.js x test.js x test-2.js x
53   }, assert.AssertionError, assert.AssertionError.name="something");
54
55   assert.equal(0, false);
56   assert.notStrictEqual(0, false);
57
58   assert.throws(
59     function() {
60       assert.equal(1, 2);
61     },
62     assert.AssertionError
63   );
64
65   assert.throws(
66     function() {
67       assert.assert(1 == 2);
68     },
69     assert.AssertionError
70   );
71
72   assert.doesNotThrow(
73     function() {
74       assert.assert(1 == 1);
75     }
76   );
77
78   assert.throws(
79     function() {
80     assert.doesNotThrow(
81       function() {
82         assert.assert(1 == 2);
83       }
84     );
85   },
86   assert.AssertionError
87 );
88
89 try {
90   assert.assert(false, 'assert test');
91 } catch (e) {
92   assert.equal(e.name, 'AssertionError');
93   assert.equal(e.actual, false);
94   assert.equal(e.expected, true);
95   assert.equal(e.operator, '==');
96   assert.equal(e.message, 'assert test');
97 }
98
99 try {
100  assert.equal(1, 2, 'assert.equal test');
101 } catch (e) {
102  assert.equal(e.name, 'AssertionError');
103  assert.equal(e.actual, 1);
104  assert.equal(e.expected, 2);
105  assert.equal(e.operator, '==');
106  assert.equal(e.message, 'assert.equal test');
107 }
108
109
110 try {
111
112
```


Debugger C API



Initialize Connection

- Listening to a debugger client is requested by the application which uses the JerryScript library
 - Debugging cannot be forced onto an application
- `jerry_debugger_init (uint16_t port)`
 - Waiting for a debugger client, returns when the connection is established
- `jerry_debugger_is_connected (void)`
 - Tells whether a client is connected

Execution Control

- `jerry_debugger_stop (void)`
 - Stop at the next possible breakpoint even if it is disabled
- `jerry_debugger_continue (void)`
 - Don't stop at disabled breakpoints
- `jerry_debugger_stop_at_breakpoint (bool enable_stop_at_breakpoint)`
 - Controls stopping at enabled breakpoints: if the argument is false the engine ignores all breakpoints
 - The application can run a JavaScript code which cannot be controlled by the debugger

Receiving Source Code

- `jerry_debugger_wait_and_run_client_source`
(`jerry_value_t *return_value`)
 - Receive a source code from the client and execute it
- Return values
 - `JERRY_DEBUGGER_SOURCE_RECEIVE_FAILED`
 - A network error is occurred, connection aborted
 - `JERRY_DEBUGGER_SOURCE_RECEIVED`
 - Source code is received and executed
 - `JERRY_DEBUGGER_SOURCE_END`
 - No source provided by the client

Display Output at Client Side

- `jerry_debugger_send_output`
(`jerry_char_t` `buffer[]`,
`jerry_size_t` `str_size`, `uint8_t` `type`)
 - Sends a string to the debugger client
 - `JERRY_DEBUGGER_OUTPUT_OK`
 - The string is a normal text
 - `JERRY_DEBUGGER_OUTPUT_WARNING`
 - The string is a warning message
 - `JERRY_DEBUGGER_OUTPUT_ERROR`
 - The string is an error message

Summary



Summary



- JerryScript debugger is a remote debugger
 - Debugger data is stored on the client side
- Supports the usual commands
 - Step,next,continue, backtrace, eval, etc.
- Debugging can be controlled through C API



Future Work

- Debugging snapshots
- Abort execution and engine reset (source code receive)
- Debugging original source code after transpiling
- Community requests



Thank you.

